Early Opportunities for AV Deployment in California Managed Lanes

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ITS California Annual Meeting - Session 14
October 3, 2018





Background

- Automated Vehicles (AVs) are coming!
 - Level 1 and 2 systems are already on the road
 - Level 3-5 systems being tested but deployment timeline is uncertain
- Driver comfort and convenience benefits are understood but transportation system benefits are unknown
- Connected AVs (or CAVs) are better
 - V2V provides redundancy for safety
 - V2I provides infrastructure support
- Managed Lanes are ideal testbeds for CAVs
 - Opportunity to concentrate CAVs together
 - Separate CAVs from general traffic for safety





Project Goals and Objectives

- Explore Opportunities for AV testing and deployment in California Managed Lanes (Express Lanes, HOV, etc.)
 - Identify best candidate sites
 - Assess CAV applications for MLs
 - Define CAV deployment concepts
- Position California for future funding and economic development opportunities
- ITS World Congress 2020?







Survey of Managed Lanes in CA

- Site Selection Criteria
 - Should have at least 10 miles of continuous lane
 - Should have enough congestion in general purpose lanes to provide incentive but not too much congestion in Managed Lanes
 - Should be active during both morning and evening peak hours in both directions
 - Should be in existence already, under construction, or expected to be available for public use no later than 2020
 - Ideally should include some diversity of physical configurations
 - physically segregated lanes
 - lanes with discrete access points
 - lanes with continuous access





Survey of Managed Lanes in CA (cont.)

Sites Selected for Further Investigation

- 1. I-80 HOV lanes near San Francisco
- 2. I-680 Express lanes near San Francisco
- 3. I-580 Express lanes near San Francisco
- 4. I-210 HOV lanes near Los Angeles
- 5. I-10 Express Lanes near Los Angeles
- 6. I-110 Express Lanes near Los Angeles
- 7. SR-91 Express Lanes near Los Angeles
- 8. I-15 Express Lanes near San Diego
- 9. SR-125 (Southbound) Expressway near San Diego





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I-15 Express Lanes



- Location: north of San Diego; commuter route
- <u>Length of corridor:</u> 20 miles
- <u>Number of managed lanes:</u> 4 (configurable to 1, 2 or 3 per direction)
- <u>Type of managed lane(s):</u> express lane
- <u>Segregation:</u> double white line (4 miles), physical barrier and grade segregation (16 miles)
- <u>User requirements:</u> HOV or single-occupied vehicles with FasTrak transponder, no trucks allowed





I-15 Express Lane (Cont.)



- Physical barriers and grade separation from general traffic
- Express lanes are 14 feet wide with wide shoulder
- Movable barriers to account for the directional traffic
- Restricted access (12 distinct ingress/egress points)
- 5 direct access ramps in each direction



I-15 Express Lane (Cont.)



- Good interagency coordination b/t Caltrans and SANDAG
- Advanced ITS infrastructure including an integrated corridor management (ICM) system
- Named official CAV Proving Ground by the USDOT; established protocol for users to apply for on-road CAV testing
- The South Control Yard on the southern end of the corridor can be used as a

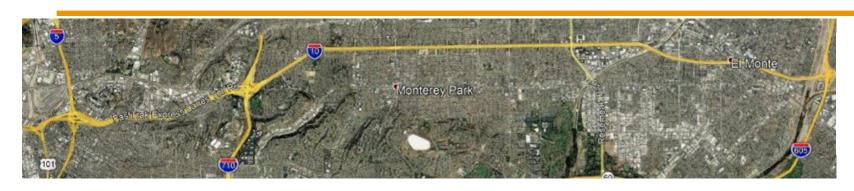
staging area







I-10 Express Lanes





- *Location:* just east of downtown Los Angeles
- <u>Length of corridor:</u> 13 miles
- *Number of managed lanes:* 4 (2 in each direction)
- <u>Type of managed lane(s):</u> express lane
- <u>Segregation:</u> double white line and physical segregation
- <u>User requirements:</u> vehicles equipped with FasTrak transponder, vehicles with 2 people or 3+ people get different levels of discount, no trucks allowed





I-10 Express Lanes (cont.)



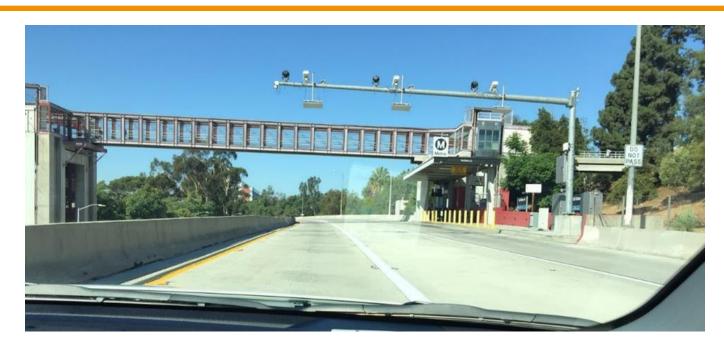
- East end of the section has 1 physically separated lane with a wide shoulder
- Middle portion has two lanes with double white line for separation







I-10 Express Lanes (cont.)



- West end (b/t I-5 and I-710) operates next to a dedicated bus lane with bus stops integrated into the facility
- Continuous rapid bus line along corridor provides opportunity to test CAV Transit applications





Assessment of CAV Applications

- Assessed a list of 11 CAV applications (from USDOT list of likely CAV applications)
- Application selection criteria
 - Technological readiness of the application
 - Suitability for operating in Managed Lanes environment
 - Likelihood of having significant early impact
 - Importance to stakeholders
 - Availability of enabling ITS infrastructure and data
 - Availability of equipped test vehicles





Assessment of CAV Applications

4 applications selected

- Highway cooperative adaptive cruise control (CACC) for light-duty vehicles
- V2I freeway speed harmonization/variable speed limit
- Highway merge coordination (V2V and V2I)
- Automated bus rapid transit on busways





Testing and Deployment Concepts

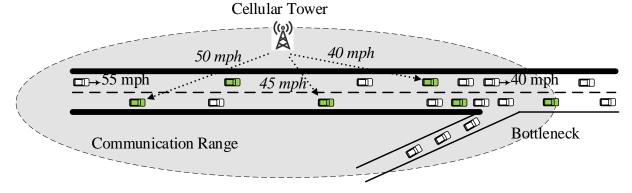
- Detailed descriptions of each concept
- Possible testing scenarios
- Deployment readiness
- Expected benefits



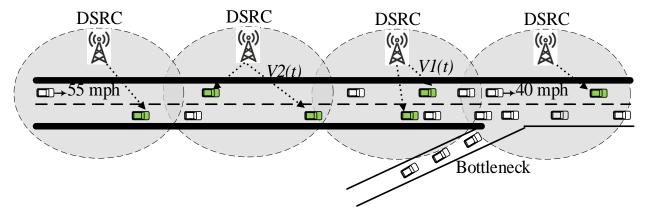


Example Deployment Concept: V2I Speed Harmonization

 Test Scenario 1: Universal Speed Advisories over cellular network – Level 0 automation (1-2 years to deploy)



 Test Scenario 2: Customized Speed control over DSRC – Level 1 automation (2-4 years to deploy)







Example Deployment Concept: V2I Speed Harmonization (cont.)

Performance Measures

- Mobility throughput, avg. speed, and travel time
- Surrogate safety rear-end conflicts and time to collision

Deployment Readiness

- Scenario 1 can leverage existing cellular network and ITS. Requires
 20-50 level 0 vehicles with in-vehicle devices.
- Scenario 2 requires V2I infrastructure and more sophisticated algorithms. Requires 20-50 level 1 vehicles.

Expected Benefits

- Eliminates or delays the traffic breakdown at bottleneck areas by limiting flow into bottleneck areas
- Reduces likelihood of rear-end collisions





Next Steps

- Explore opportunities for funding of CAV testing on I-15 and I-10 Express Lanes
- Build partnerships with local stakeholders
- Leverage these CAV concepts for 2020 ITS World Congress in LA
- Develop more detailed test plans
 - Bundling of applications
 - Consider geometry and traffic patterns
 - Microscopic simulation experiments





Comments & Questions?

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